Welcome To meet the stars

People, Plants and Productivity-Workplaces of the future

Hosted by

Andrew Aitken

Director-Green Star







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Today's Speakers







Prof Margaret Burchett- University of Technology Sydney.

Prof Neil Holt- Wesley Corporate Health

Digby Hall- Synergy Green



UTS:SCIENCE THINKCHANGEDO

People, Plants, Productivity – Workplaces of the Future -Indoor Plants as Installations for Sustainable Building Ecology

> Margaret Burchett, Fraser Torpy & Jason Brennan Plants and Indoor Environmental Quality Group Centre for Environmental Sustainability (CEnS) Faculty of Science, UTS Margaret.Burchett@uts.edu.au

Acknowledgements

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- Ambius
- National Interior Plantscape Association (NIPA)
- Nursery Industry
- Horticulture Australia Ltd (HAL)
- Numerous UTS colleagues
- Prof Ashley Craig (Univ Syd)

Outline

- Overview of indoor air pollution issues
- Role of plants in reducing indoor air pollution what is research showing?
- Directly measurable benefits to health, wellbeing, productivity & performance
- Some strategies for sustainable workplaces of the future, what's next for indoor plants?

Health issues of urban air pollution (UAP)

~90% caused by fossil fuel emissions

- Mixture of:
- Oxides: CO₂, CO, NO_x, SO_x,
- Air toxics:
 - Volatiles organic compounds (VOCs) eg. BTEX, PAHs
 - Metallics
- Fine Particulate Matter (PM _{10/2.5})
- Ozone (photochemical 2ndary)
- Worldwide, causes \geq 3M p.a. (WHO, 2000)





www.smh.com.au www.neversets.com/images/coalpower.jpg

Health issues of indoor air pollution

Australia - the way we live now -

- >80% of us live in urban areas
- Spend 90% of our time indoors, So-
- This is where we breathe most UAP



- And-
- UAP health costs ~ \$12M p.a. (CSIRO, 2000)
- In Sydney causes 1,400 deaths &
- 2000 hospital admissions p.a. (NSW EPA, 2006)

www.smh.com.au

Indoor air is more polluted than outdoors

Staler

More VOCs-

from synthetic (ie fossil-fuel) materials

More CO₂ – us breathing





www.deyoungs.com.au http://www.mainetoday.com/blogs/inasnap/GD0209crowd2.JPG

Indoor plants can reduce all types of UAP

Overseas research shows-

Reductions in:

- NO_x, SO_x, O₃
- Particulates

UTS research-Laboratory & office studies-Shows reductions in:

- VOCs
- CO₂
- CO





Kingfung.com



UTS Laboratory trials – VOC removal



UTS Lab. trials – VOCs - Results



UTS Laboratory findings – VOCs

- All species ~ equally effective
- Removal rates stimulated by first dose
- Then remove repeated doses in 24 h
- Equally effective in light or dark
- Root-zone bacteria main removal agents
 SO -
- Removal by plant/pot-mix symbiotic microcosm

Conclusions

- Any species likely to work just as well
- Pot-size does not matter too much! -
- A 200 mm pot is as effective as a 300 mm pot

www.tlcindoorgardens.com.au www.greenoffice.hu www.larose.com









UTS office-plant /air quality studies



300 mm Dracaena 'Janet Craig' (1,2,3 or 6 plants)



200 mm Spathiphyllum 'Petite' (1,3 or 6 plants)

& 0-plant Controls



UTS office studies – TVOCs





UTS office-plant studies – Summary

Reductions with plants of -

- TVOCs: >75% to <100 ppb
- CO₂: 10-25%
- CO: 90%

But

• Effects can be masked with modern AC systems



http://www.indoorplanthire.net.au/images/plants/plants_clip_image002_0000.jpg

UTS office-plant findings – Implications

Plants can be deployed:

 To bring significant reductions in TVOCs & CO₂

&

 Help reduce building AC energy costs

SO

Reducing C-footprint of city

Cleaner air means clearer thought -

Promotes health, productivity and performance

Google images



World research shows -

Stress reduces productivity, and leads to illness

So- can office plants lower stress & hence increase productivity?

Google images

Direct plant benefits to health & wellbeing

Overseas studies -

Reductions in illness symptoms:

- Sick-leave absences > 60%
- Primary school absences 23%
- Coughing, wheezing 35%
- Dry eyes, nose, throat
- Perceptions of pain
- Blood pressure

Plants promote health, productivity and performance

http://drycough.org/wp-content/uploads/2009/12/Dry-Cough7.jpg



Plants improve productivity/performance scores

Overseas findings -

Increased scores on :

- Computer tests
- Item-sorting tests
- Creative thinking exercises
- Examination scores
- Task productivity (items completed) by 12%
- Job satisfaction -

(desk plants preferred to planted window views)

Plants do promote productivity and performance





UTS study - *Does plant presence lower stress*?

UTS Studies: Findings

* Plant treatments -

Reductions in negative-feeling scores:

•	Anxiety		-37%	
•	Anger		-44%	
•	Depression	-58%		
•	Fatigue		-38%	
•	Confusion	-30%		
•	Total negativity	-65%		
•	Overall stress	-50%		
*No-Plant (Control) group-				

• Negative scores increased: +20-40%

Plants directly reduce stress scores -Promote productivity and performance UTS Science 2010 QuickTime™ and a TIFF (Uncompressed) decompressor are needed to see this picture.

Google images

Effects of plant treatments on total negative 'Mood State' scores



Overall - Indoor plants contribute to most IEQ criteria

IEQ criterion	Indoor plants
*Air pollution mitigation	Reduce all types of UAP ⁺⁺
*Low Emitting Materials	Absorb toxic emissions - VOCs etc. ⁺⁺
* Ventilation effectiveness	Increase effectiveness - remove CO ₂ /add O ₂ ⁺⁺
* Lighting	OK for Plants? - OK for staff also?**
* Noise	Absorb & buffer noise⁺
* Views	Adds aesthetics & calming greenery; lowers stress ⁺⁺
*Thermal comfort	Not influenced – but plants tend to stabilise
*Suctome controllability	Not influenced
Systems controllability	

*Criteria list: +O/S & UTS studies NSW Government, Workplace Guidelines, 2010

Indoor plants positively influence at least 75% of IEQ criteria

•GBC - up to 2 points for plants in Green Star rated buildings

Strategies for sustainable workplaces of the future?

 Make interior plantings normal building installations - to improve: -Productivity and performance -Staff spirits/morale



- Productivity increases of < 1% would more than cover costs of plants
- &
- Assist in achieving the goal of sustainable workplaces and cities in Australia -
- Triple-bottom-line: 'planet-people-profit'

Google images

What's next for indoor plants?

R&D to:

Maximise CO₂ reduction capacity, via-

- Horticultural technology development
- Collaboration with engineers on lighting needs
- Integration of plant capacity to reduce AC energy costs

Compare plant air-cleansing efficiency-

- In different growth media eg hydroculture, waste materials, etc
- To optimise total plant contribution to IEQ



Google images



Species UTS-laboratory tested for VOC removal

- Aglaonema modestum
- Chamaedorea elegans (Parlour Palm)
- Dracaena deremensis 'Janet Craig'
- Dracaena marginata
- Epipremnum aureum (Pothos; Devil's Ivy)
- Howea forsteriana (Kentia Palm)
- Philodendron 'Congo'
- Sansevieria trifasciata (Mother-in-law's tongue)
- Schefflera 'Amate' (Qld. Umbrella Tree)
- Spathiphyllum 'Petite' (& 'Sweet Chico')
- Spathiphyllum 'Sensation'
- Zamioculcas zamiifolia (Zanzibar; ZZ)

THE FUTURE@WORK HEALTH REPORT

Employees and their Workplace



Neil Holt CEO

Wesley Corporate Health







Why Health in the Workplace?



Workplace health focuses on discretionary programs and strategies to improve staff health and wellbeing, productivity and profitability. Healthy people spend more time at work and are more productive than unhealthy people



Australia's Best Employers

(AGSM, Hewitt & Assoc, AFR)

provide leadership, communication, respect and responsibility

One piece of evidence linking people practices and performance

Average revenue growth	
Profit growth	
Staff turnover	
Job applications	

- 48% vs 25%
- 62% vs 18%
- 15% vs 20%
- 5 vs 2.8

For every \$1 spent on employee health – there is a \$3.27 return in reduced absenteeism and improved productivity

What about the link between the workplace environment, health, people practices and performance







Absenteeism Direct and Hidden Costs

- Absenteeism direct costs
 - Incidence of 2.5% (6.7% of payroll)
 - Costs employers 2% of GDP (\$20 billion)
- Administrative costs indirect costs
 - Double the direct salary costs
- Presenteeism hidden costs
 - Present but not productive
 - Doubles the direct salary costs
- Total cost of absenteeism is estimated at 3 to 5 times the initial salary cost





Health Risks – the Hidden Costs Its all about productivity Bank One (28,375 employees)

Health Risks Studied:

- Smoking
- Inactivity
- Excess Alcohol
- Relaxation Medication
- Elevated BP
- High Cholesterol
- BMI>30
- Life Dissatisfaction
- Job Dissatisfaction
- Poor Physical Health
- High Stress



- Collectively these risk factors had a larger impact
- Greater than 5 risk factors reduced productivity by 13.5%

JOEM, August 2005





The Workplace Environment's Effect on Health

Internal Environment Quality (IEQ) includes

- > Air quality & Ventilation
- Temperature & Lighting
- View & Noise

Poor IEQ is linked to respiratory disease, Sick Building

Syndrome and employee stress

- It costs the Australian economy \$12 billion per annum (CSIRO)
- Improved IEQ can lead to productivity increases of 15% (ranging up to 30%)





The Workplace Environment's Effect on Health

Indoor air quality (IAQ) is a major part of IEQ

- Over 350 VOCs have been identified in indoor air
- > Air pollution is a major risk factor for respiratory disease
- Respiratory disease is the number one cause of workplace absence
- Asthma is Australia's most widespread chronic disease affecting 2.2 million Australians
- Asthma begins with an allergen VOCS, airborne particles





What is Sick Building Syndrome

- Acute symptoms of eye, skin and nose irritation, headache, fatigue and breathing difficulties associated with occupancy but not a specific disease
- NSW Dept of Works estimated SBS related absenteeism cost \$125 million annually and 40% + of offices qualified
- Between 5% and 40% of all office workers experience symptoms
- Risk factors included lower ventilation rates, presence of AC, higher indoor air temperatures, debris or moisture in AC, increased chemical and organic pollutants, more carpets and fabrics, less cleaning
- One study showed increasing ventilation rates to10 cubic feet per person per minute decreased the prevalence of common SBS symptoms by 33%





The Ideal Workplace Environment

- · Facilities that promote physical activity
- Green star rated building
- Good IEQ
- Good furniture and equipment layout
- Facilities that promote healthy eating
- · Facilities that enable work/life balance
- Onsite child care




Ideal Workplace Environment

Green Star Ratings - Best Practice for IEQ factors

- Reduced greenhouse gas emissions
- Energy efficient
- ➤ Waste reduction recycling
- Improved IEQ
- Reduced lifecycle costs
- Improve health
- Higher morale and motivation
- Increase productivity







Ideal Workplace Environment

Good IEQ

Improved air quality

- Reduced VOCs in fitout materials
- Occupant control of temperature and air flow
- Minimise noise levels partitions & meeting areas
- \succ Healthy lighting daylight and artificial light mix
- Green space and view indoor plants

Studies of productivity increases from good IEQ average15% (range up to 30%)







CH2 Melbourne

12 months post occupancy study to evaluate IEQ and occupant health,

wellbeing and productivity

Key conclusions

- High satisfaction rate compared to previous spaces
- Thermal comfort measurements good; perceived thermal comfort good
- Air quality measurements excellent; perceived quality good
- Ambient noise levels measurements ideal; staff rating average to poor
- Lighting measurements satisfactory; staff rating average to poor
- 10% perceived productivity enhancement; 75% rated it +ve
- Absenteeism and staff turnover; no change at 12 months







IEQ and Productivity Gains

- Study by US EPA 90% of 30 year building costs are employee salaries
- Reducing absenteeism and presenteeism by 1% would pay for upgrading to a green status
- 80% of productivity gains are from improved IEQ
- This is the largest economic benefit of high rating green buildings
- CH2 predicts productivity benefits higher than savings from energy and water





Ideal Workplace Environment Physical Activity

- Internal stairwells and signage
 Onsite gymnasium or close access
 Bicycle racks
- Adequate lockers and showers
- Proximity to bicycle paths and walkways
- ➢Proximity to parklands
- Proximity to public transport





Ideal Workplace Environment

 Good Ergonomic Design for Furniture and Equipment Layout

Reduces accidents and injury

Productivity gains of 18% have been reported

• Facilities that Promote Healthy Eating

Onsite cafeteria with healthy food options
 Onsite food courts with variety of food outlets
 Vending machines with healthy food options





F@W Health Report Conclusions

- Employers need workplace and workforce strategies to attract and retain employees
- Workplace health strategies reduce absence, improve health and increase productivity
- The workplace environment has a direct effect on employee health and productivity
- The ideal workplace environment is green, has good IEQ and smart features that enable work/life balance and promote activity, health and wellbeing







People, Plants and Productivity -Workplaces of the Future

Green Star – IEQ

green building council australia

Digby Hall





- IEQ What Green Star is trying to achieve
- Design Requirements
- Who contributes?
- Key strategies and success factors
 - Early adoption & commitment
 - Collaboration & Holistic design







- Balance with other categories
- Response to Sick Building Syndrome
- Giving us a way to measure & manage







IEQ is in ALL Green Star tools...



™green building council australia







Weightings

	20%
25%	
	20%
12%	
	20%
	25% 12%

The number of points available is also a factor, however IEQ is consistently amongst the top 2-3 categories for 'value per point'







Ventilation	Design Requirement	Stakeholder
Ventilation Rates	Increased outside air	Mechanical
Air Change Effectiveness	Improved air circulation, diffuser selection and location	Mechanical
Carbon Dioxide Monitoring & Control	Control of CO2, BMS connection	Mechanical





Greenstar IEQ – Design Requirements

Comfort	Design Requirement	Stakeholder	
Daylight	%NLA with natural light	Architect, Electrical	
Glare Control	Prevent direct sun penetration	Architect	
HF Ballasts	Electronic control gear	Electrical	
Lighting Levels	Max. 400Lux – good lighting design	Electrical	
External Views	NLA within 8m of façade/atrium	Architect	
Thermal Comfort	Human comfort levels	Architect, Mech / Elec	
Comfort Control	Localised control of HVAC/conditions	Mechanical	
Noise Levels	Acoustic comfort to 'recommended' levels	Acoustic, Mechanical, Architect	
Places of Respite	Quiet places for occupants, indoor or outdoor	Architect	

Greenstar IEQ – Design Requirements

Pollutants	Design Requirement	Stakeholder	
Hazardous Materials	Remove asbestos, lead, PCBs	Architect, Client	
VOCs	Low VOC emissions in paint, carpet, sealants / adhesives, joinery	Architect, building services included	
Formaldehyde	Low emissions in composite timbers	Architect	
Mould Prevention	Control Relative Humidity	Mechanical	
Tenant Exhaust Riser	Dedicated tenant exhaust	Mechanical	
Indoor Plants	Maintained indoor plants	Architect	
Air Distribution System	Access to components for cleaning	Mechanical	
Outdoor Pollutant Control	ASHRAE compliance	Mechanical	

Greenstar IEQ – Design Requirements



From master planning to detailed design

New build or refurbishments







Ventilation

- Ventilation Rates
- Air Change Effectiveness
- Carbon Dioxide
 Monitoring & Control

Comfort

- Daylight
- Glare Control
- High Frequency Ballasts
- Electric Lighting Levels
- External Views

Architect Mechanical engineer Electrical engineer

- Thermal Comfort
- Comfort Control
- Internal Noise Levels
- Places of Respite

Indoor Pollutants

- Hazardous Materials
- Volatile Organic Compounds
- Formaldehyde
 Minimisation
- Mould Prevention
- Tenant Exhaust Riser
- Indoor Plants
- Air Distribution System
- Outdoor Pollutant
 Control







- Most collaborative Category in Green Star
- Intense team work is required
- Regular design team meetings required











Typical design / documentation process...











THERMAL COMFORT

<u>Aim:</u> To encourage and recognise buildings that achieve a high level of thermal comfort.

• Assessments based on PMV (predicted mean vote) levels for 98% of the year when building is occupied.

Componen	Architect	Mechanica	Electrical
t			
Glazing	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Wall section	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Insulation	✓	\checkmark	
Air velocity		\checkmark	
Humidity		\checkmark	
Lighting			\checkmark
Equipment	\checkmark		\checkmark

Linked to daylight, Ene-1, Lighting levels, LPD etc







Extern

Views

al





CO2

monitoring





Linear design process



Holistic design process







- Allow enough time to resolve the outcome
- Get all disciplines involved early
- Commit to IEQ attributes early







Sponsor vote of thanks



Ray Borg Regional Director Ambius Pacific

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Thank You



TO OUR SPEAKERS....

Prof Margaret Burchett- University of Technology Sydney.

Prof Neil Holt- Wesley Corporate Health

Digby Hall- Synergy Green

Brisbane City Council Fit Out

4 Star Green Star Office Interiors v1.1

Ed Crouch Brisbane City Council



25 Montpelier Road Fortitude Valley

4 Star Green Star Office As Built v2

Simon Juniper Watpac Developments





Emerald Lakes Town Centre

4 Star Green Star Office Design v2

Mark Grierson Nifsan Developments Pty Ltd





42 Albert St- AM60

5 Star Green Star Office Design v2

Amanda Gilson Trinity Fund Management





The New Port Office

5 Star Green Star Office Design v3

Jeff Coleman- CEO Port of Brisbane Corporation





Joint Contact Centre

6 Star Green Star Office Design v2

Graham Messenger Department of Public Works





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Brisbane Master Class Conference

green building council australia

Monday 10 May 2010- Brisbane Convention Centre


Thank You

Further information on GBCA www.gbca.org.au



